Hierarchical & Functional Materials for health, environment & energy | The Interdisciplinary thematic institutes HiFunMat of the University of Strasbourg & & Inserm funded under the Excellence Initiative program ()

# ITI HiFunMat Master Internship Proposal

□ M 1

⊠ M 2

Title: TIGERsens -TiO<sub>2</sub>-Gated organic Electrochemical TRansistor (OECT) for light-activated sensing

#### Internship supervisor

Name, first name	Bardagot, Olivier
E-mail, Telephone	olivier.bardagot@cnrs.fr
Laboratory	ICPEES
Collaboration with a HiFunMat member ( <i>please indicate their name</i> )	$\Box$ No $\boxtimes$ Yes : Cottineau, Thomas

#### Student profile looked for

Master program ( <i>more than one box can be ticked</i> )	$\boxtimes$ Material science and engineering $\square$ Chemistry $\square$ Physics
Other indications if necessary	An interest in organic semiconducting polymers, electrochemistry and device manufacturing is preferred.

#### Internship description

The main task of this **6-month M2 internship** is to manufacture and characterize **original organic electrochemical transistors** (OECTs) for the **detection** of biomarkers. OECTs are a fast-growing technology used mainly for **heath applications** (e.g.: biosensors, electrophysiologic devices) whose detection limit are significantly lower than the current applied technologies. The main objective of the internship is to investigate the benefit of using a mesoporous **gate electrode made on TiO<sub>2</sub> nanotubes**. TiO<sub>2</sub> nanotubes present a **high capacitance** and can be **activated by light**, thereby offering unique features such as **spatial resolution** and **regeneration** of the sensor.

The student will work on this **hot topic** in a **pluri-disciplinary** environment including two teams of the ICPEES. He/she will be in charge of **fabricating OECTs** made of **PEDOT:PSS** channel and of **synthesizing mesoporous TiO<sub>2</sub> gate electrodes**. The student will then investigate the properties of these novel OECTs in different conditions of **irradiation** in 'test' aqueous electrolyte. Finally, the performances of the resulting biosensors will be tested in **'applicative' conditions** by replacing the test electrolyte by an **analyte containing bilirubin** for its detection. Bilirubin is a biomolecule generated during the breakdown of red blood cells. Its accurate and reversible detection would contribute to the early diagnosis of liver-related diseases in the hope of better treatment.

**High quality results** are expected, as demonstrated by our manuscript reporting record OECT performance for highly aligned polymers (10x higher than state-of-the-art), currently under review for publication in Nature Materials (<u>https://www.researchsquare.com/article/rs-3221543/v1</u>).

### Daily work will include:

- Bibliographic study of the impact of the gate porosity on the OECT response
- Processing of (semi)conducting polymers in solution (mainly PEDOT:PSS)
- Synthesizing TiO<sub>2</sub>-Nanotubes gate electrodes
- Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) to visualize the resulting thin films and electrodes
- OECT manufacture
- Electrical characterization of electrochemical transistors (transfer, output)
- Time-resolved Vis/NIR absorbance spectroscopy during electrochemical doping
- Data analysis using Python (computing)
- Calibration and use in 'test' and 'applicative' conditions of novel biosensors

# Hard skills which will be learnt:

- Bibliographic search
- Database management
- Semiconducting polymer design
- Electrochemical synthesis
- Polymer processing
- Vis-NIR absorbance spectroscopy
- Electrochemistry
- Computing (Python for heavy data analysis and graph plotting, LabVIEW if interested)

# Soft, transferable, skills which will be learnt:

- Collaboration, teamwork
- Effective communication
- Scientific data presentation (oral and written in English)
- Project management (time management, supply management, etc)
- Progress reporting
- Creativity/independency (depending on the will of the student)

### **References:**

- High-performance OECT manufacture: <u>O. Bardagot\*</u>, P. Durand, S. Guchait, G. Rebetez, P. Cavassin, J. Réhault, M. Brinkmann, N. Leclerc, N. Banerji, *In Review Nature Materials*, 2023, 10.21203/rs.3.rs-3221543/v1
- 2. **OECT doping kinetics:** B. T. DiTullio, L. R. Savagian, <u>O. Bardagot</u>, M. De Keersmaecker, A. M. Österholm, N. Banerji, J. R. Reynolds, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2023**, *145*, 122–134.
- 3. TiO<sub>2</sub> Nanotube synthesis: F. Gelb, Y.-C. Chueh, N. Sojic, V. Keller, D. Zigah, <u>T. Cottineau\*</u>, Sustainable Energy Fuels **2020**, *4*, 1099–1104.
- 4. **TiO<sub>2</sub>-based sensors:** D. Spitzer, <u>T. Cottineau</u>, N. Piazzon, S. Josset, F. Schnell, S. N. Pronkin, E. R. Savinova, V. Keller, *Angewandte Chemie International Edition* **2012**, *22*, 5334–5338.
- TiO<sub>2</sub>-gated OECT: M.-J. Lu, F.-Z. Chen, J. Hu, H. Zhou, G. Chen, X.-D. Yu, R. Ban, P. Lin, W.-W. Zhao, *Small Structures* 2021, 2, 2100087.